



Features & Benefits

- Robust sensor enclosure
- Easy installation with LED indication, test button and auto-output mode detection (3-wire)
- Supports 2-wire loop powering or 3-wire installation
- Pluggable terminal blocks and tool free installation

Technical Overview

The RH-W range of humidity and temperature sensors offer the latest technology high precision and accuracy RH & T element.

A valuable feature of this sensor is when in 3-wire mode it automatically detects the controller input type, 4-20mA or 0-10Vdc. This removes the requirement for output jumpers. 2-wire loop powering selectable via DIP switch. It also provides on-board LED indication for power up status and set output mode. The terminal blocks are pluggable and allow tool free installation (ferrules required).

An optional multi-line backlit LCD display is available, along with a direct PTC/NTC sensing element.

Product Codes

RH-W-AH	Wall RH & T transmitter $\pm 2\%$
RH-W-N	Wall RH & T transmitter $\pm 3\%$
RH-W-EN	Wall Enthalpy & Dew point transmitter

Suffixes (add to part code)

-T Direct resistive temperature output

Thermistor types:

A (10K3A1)	B (10K4A1)	C (20K6A1)
H (SAT1)	K (STA1)	L (TAC1)
M (2.2K3A1)	N (3K3A1)	P (30K6A1)
Q (50K6A1)	S (SAT2)	T (SAT3)
W (SIE1)	Y (STA2)	Z (10K NTC)

Platinum types:

D (PT100a)	E (PT1000a)
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Nickel types:

F (NI1000a)	G (NI1000a/TCR (LAN1))
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-LCD Integral LCD

-TR Custom temperature output range scaling

-5V Output 0-5Vdc (instead of 0-10Vdc)

General Specification

Outputs:	0-10Vdc (0-5V for -5V version) or 4-20mA
	3-wire self-detecting
	4-20mA (optional -T)
	2-wire, loop powering via DIP switch
	PTC/NTC resistive sensing element
Power Supply:	24Vac/dc $\pm 10\%$ (3-wire)
	24Vdc $\pm 10\%$ (2-wire)
Supply current:	30mA (3-wire) max.
Electrical connections:	Pluggable spring loaded terminal block
	min. 0.2mm ² , max. 1.5mm ²
Output ranges;	
	RH 0 to 100%
	Temperature -20 to 50°C
	Enthalpy -20 to +250 kJ/kg (-EN only)
	Dew point -50 to +50°C (-EN only)
Environmental:	
	Housing: -30 to 60°C
	0 to 95% non-condensing
	Media: -10 to +50°C
Housing:	
	Material PC/GF (Halogen free, flame retardant & UV stabilized)
	Dimensions 125 x 105 x 85mm
Probe:	
	Material Probe PVC - End cap Delrin
	Dimension 90 x 19mm dia.
Protection	IP54
Country of origin	UK

WEEE Directive:



At the end of the products useful life please dispose as per the local regulations.
Do not dispose of with normal household waste.
Do not burn.



The products referred to in this data sheet meet the requirements of EU Directive 2014/30/EU

Sensor Characteristics

Humidity

Measurement range	0 to 100% RH	
Type	ASIC	
Accuracy (20 to 80% RH):	Typical	Maximum
RH-W-AH	±2% RH	±3% RH
RH-W	±3% RH	±4% RH
Long term stability	<0.5% RH p.a.	
Response time	8 seconds (τ 63%) @ 25°C 1 m/s airflow	

Temperature

Measurement range	-20 to 50°C
Accuracy (20 to 40°C)	±0.5°C
Long term stability	<0.02°C p.a.
Response time	5 to 30 seconds (τ 63%)

Enthalpy

Measurement range	-20 to +250 kJ/kg
Accuracy	1.8 kJ/kg typical (27 kJ/kg max)

Dew point

Measurement range	-50 to +50°C
Accuracy	1.2°C typical (4°C max)

Optional Passive Output

Type	Resistive PTC & NTC types
Accuracy:	
Thermistor	±0.2°C 0 to 70°C
Platinum types	±0.2°C @ 25°C
Nickel types	±0.4°C @ 25°C

Display Option

LCD	To show T and RH values
	To show RH only (-T version)
	To show T, RH, DP and H (-EN version)

Installation



Antistatic precautions must be observed when handling these sensors. The PCB contains circuitry that can be damaged by static discharge.

Note: Sontays range of RH sensors are not suitable for use in swimming pool & spa applications. Sensors used in these types of applications are not covered under Sontays warranty terms. Chemicals used in swimming pool & spas can contaminate the humidity element, which results in a reduced service life.

1. Select a location where dust & contaminants are at a minimum and which will give a representative sample of the prevailing air condition.
2. Fix the housing with appropriate screws
3. Release the snap-fit lid by gently squeezing the locking tab and feed the cable through the waterproof gland and terminate the cores at the terminal block. Leaving some slack inside the unit, tighten the cable gland onto the cable to ensure water tightness.
4. If the sensor is to be mounted outside, it is recommended that the unit be mounted with the cable entry at the bottom. If the cable is fed from above then into the cable gland at the bottom, it is recommended that a rain loop be placed in the cable before entry into the sensor.
5. Set the switch on the PCB either to the 3-wire or 2-wire position. Snap shut the lid after the connections have been made.

IMPORTANT! Do not alter the switch position while sensor is powered up. Do not select 2-wire if a 0v connection (3-wire) is made. Permanent damage to the sensor or BMS controller may result.

IMPORTANT! Make sure the Terminal Block is fitted the correct position and direction. The cable entry faces the centre of the sensor.

6. Connect all sensor outputs to the controller inputs or to the device, the sensor output(s) are connected to.
7. Before powering the sensor, ensure that the supply voltage is within the specified tolerances.

IMPORTANT! It is important to make all electrical output connections before applying the supply voltage. If the sensor is not connected in this sequence, damage may be caused to the input circuitry of the controller or device the sensor output(s) are connected to.

8. Allow 3 minutes before checking functionality, and at least 30 minutes before carrying out pre-commissioning checks. This will allow the electronics time to stabilise.

To perform an accurate comparison between a transmitter output and a portable reference, it is essential that the two probes are held adjacent for a minimum of 30 minutes in a stable RH environment. Only in this way can speed of response and temperature factors be eliminated. It is not uncommon for test instruments and transmitters to disagree by 10% RH or more when site measurements are taken incorrectly. 'Slings' or other mechanical hygrometer should not be used as a reference

Electrical Connections:

24V	Supply 24Vac/dc	
0V	Supply 0V (Common 0V)	
OP1	RH output	(Enthalpy for –EN option)
OP2	Temperature output	(Not used for –T option, Dew point for –EN option)
OP3	Not used	
0V	Not used	
TH1	Direct Thermistor output (-T only)	
TH2	Direct Thermistor output (-T only)	

Terminal Block:

For easier installation, the terminal block can be detached from the PCB.

When used with ferrules it doesn't require any tools to release the spring loaded terminal block. When used with stranded cable, push in the orange latch to compress the spring load. Feed in the wire and release the spring to secure the wire connection.

IMPORTANT! Make sure the Terminal Block is fitted the correct position and direction. The cable entry faces the centre of the sensor.

Selecting output mode and LED indication:

IMPORTANT! Do not alter the switch position while sensor is powered up. Do not select 2-wire if a 0v connection (3-wire) is made. Permanent damage to the sensor or BMS controller may result.

3-wire connection:

Ensure there is no power to the sensor before changing the switch. Set the switch in the left hand position. The sensor automatically sets the outputs to 0-10V or 4-20mA based on the resistive load on the outputs. All outputs MUST be connected to the same type of load:

- If ALL the loads are $>2k\Omega$, all the outputs will be set to 0-10Vdc and the green 0-10V LED will light.
- If ALL the loads are $>50\Omega$ and $<550\Omega$, all the outputs will be set to 4-20mA and the orange 4-20mA LED will light.
- If ANY of the loads are $<50\Omega$ or >550 and $<2k\Omega$, all the outputs will be switched off and the red ERROR LED will light.

Output 1 is checked first, and if it has determined what this output is set to it will assume that all other enabled outputs are connected to similar loads. The LEDs will switch off after 15 minutes.

2-wire connection:

Ensure there is no power to the sensor before changing the switch and do not connect 0V. Set the switch in the right hand position. All outputs MUST be connected. The blue LOOP LED will light.

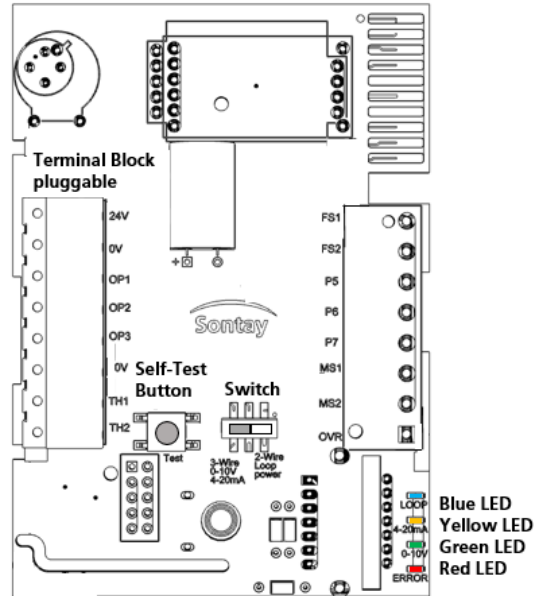
Self-Test Button:

The self-test button helps the installer to validate the wiring for each output and helps to commission the system.

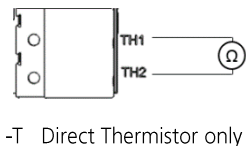
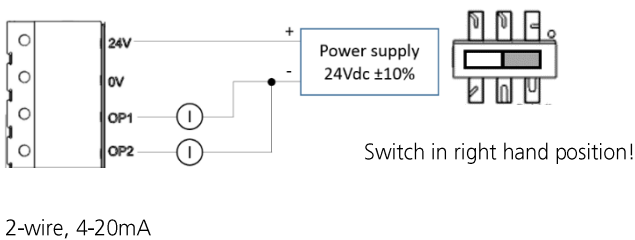
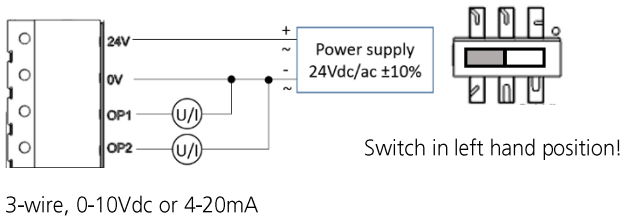
When self-test button is pushed it cycles all outputs as follows: 0%, 50%, 100%, normal operation. After 30 seconds in any mode the system resets to normal operation.

When self-test button is held for more than 3 seconds, it sets all outputs to 50%, when released the outputs return to normal operation.

PCB Layout:



Connection Diagram:



Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of this specification, Sontay cannot accept responsibility for damage, injury, loss or expense from errors or omissions. In the interest of technical improvement, this specification may be altered without notice.

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